

Synthesis, Characterization and Photocatalytic Applications of $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ and its Composites: CO_2 Reduction and Dye Degradation

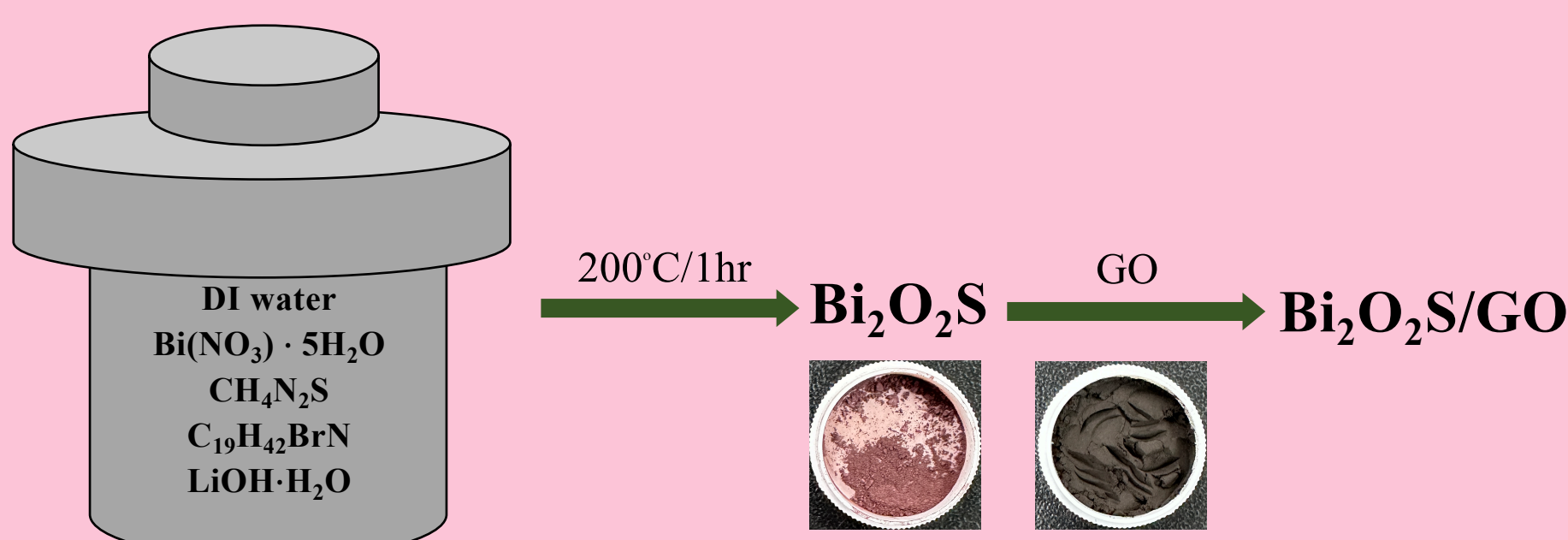
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Abstract

We successfully synthesized $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ using a simple hydrothermal method. A series of $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{g-C}_3\text{N}_4$ and $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{GO}$ photocatalysts were prepared by varying the weight ratios of $\text{g-C}_3\text{N}_4$ and GO. The resulting products were characterized using XRD, FE-TEM, FT-IR, SEM-EDS, DR-UV, BET, PL, EPR, and HR-XPS. To evaluate the photocatalytic efficiency of $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$, $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{g-C}_3\text{N}_4$ and $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{GO}$, these catalysts were tested for CO_2 conversion into hydrocarbons and for the photocatalytic degradation of crystal violet (CV). The $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ -9wt% GO composite exhibited the highest photocatalytic activity, with a rate constant of 0.027 h^{-1} , which is 3 times higher than that of $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ alone. This research demonstrates the potential for photocatalytic CO_2 reduction and organic pollutant degradation, contributing to advancements in green energy and environmental protection.

Results and Discussion

Catalysts Preparation



XRD

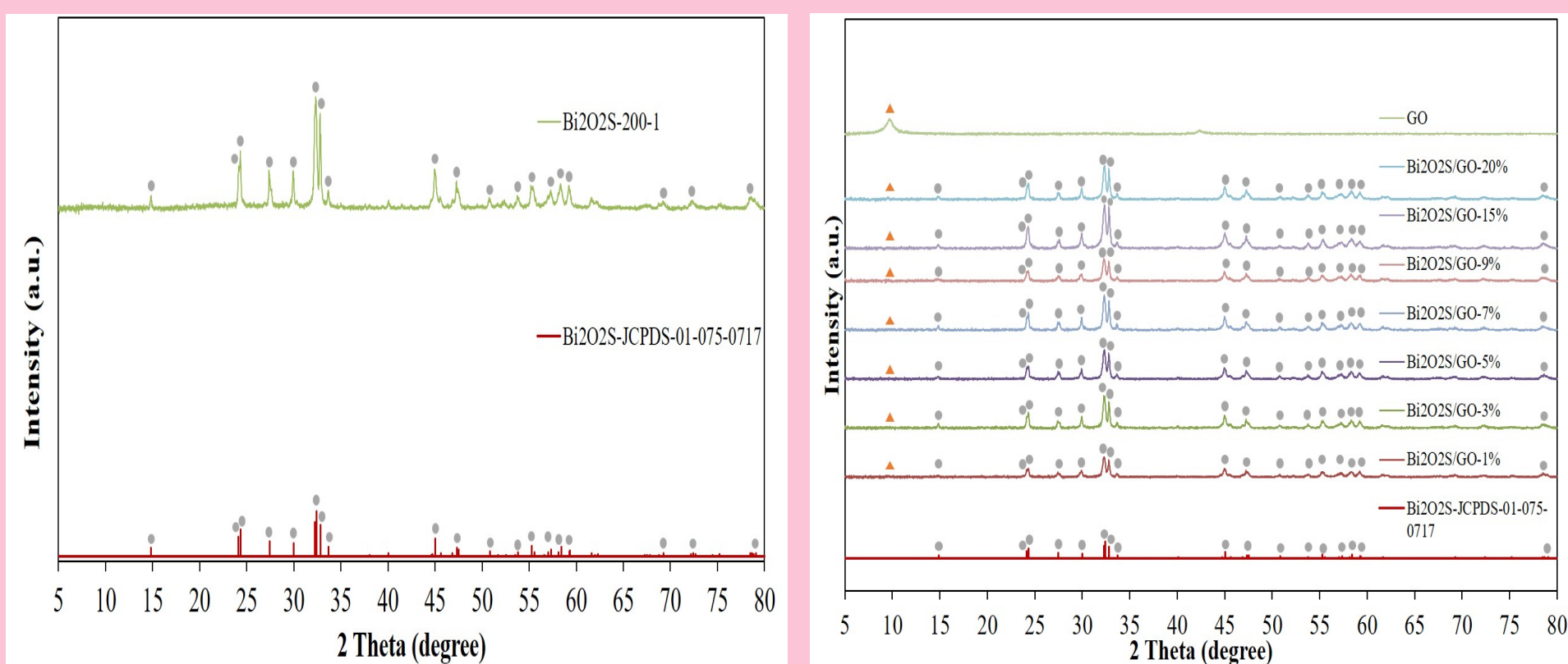


Fig.1 XRD patterns of $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ and $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{GO}$.

FE-SEM-EDS

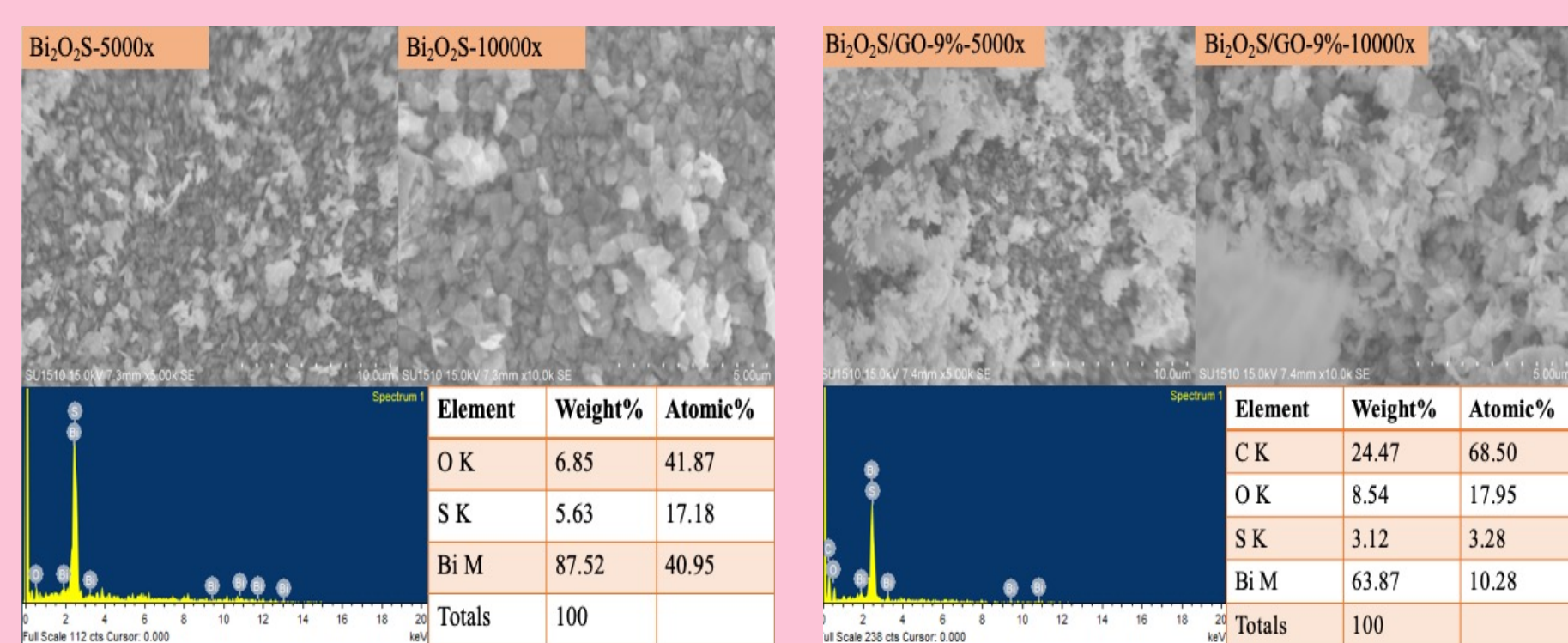


Fig.2 FE-SEM images and EDS of $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$, $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{GO}$ -9%.

BET

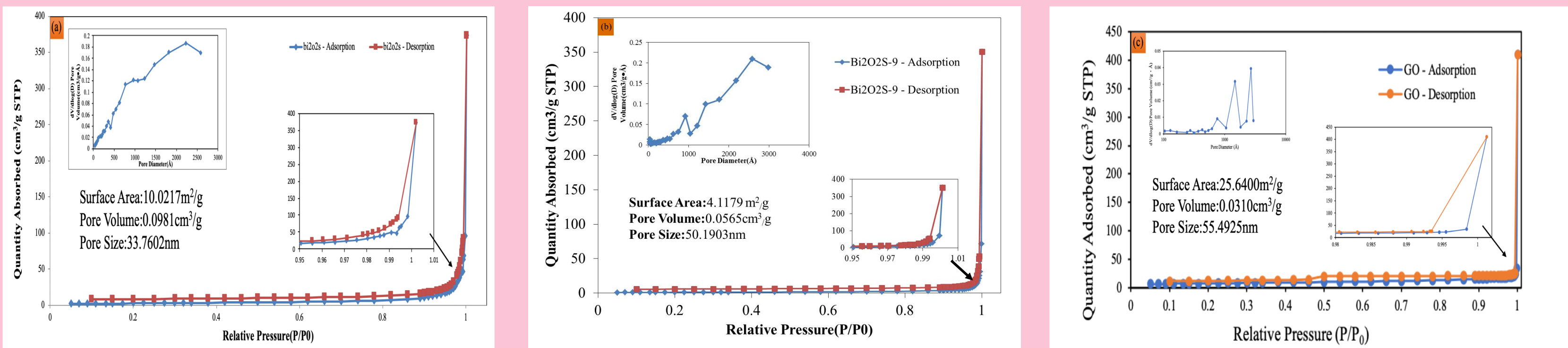


Fig.3 N_2 adsorption isotherm and pore size distribution of (a) $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ and (b) $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{GO}$ -9% (c) GO.

Photocatalytic Degradation of CV

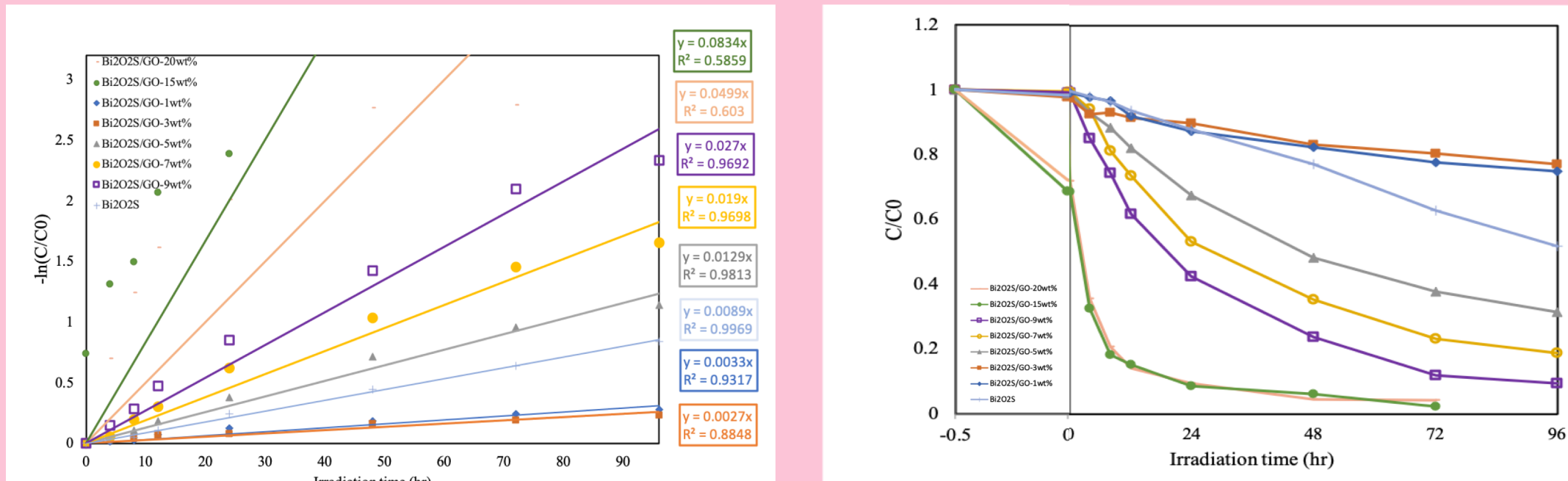


Fig.4 Photodegradation of CV as a function of irradiation time over different $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{GO}$ photocatalysts.

UV-Vis-NIR

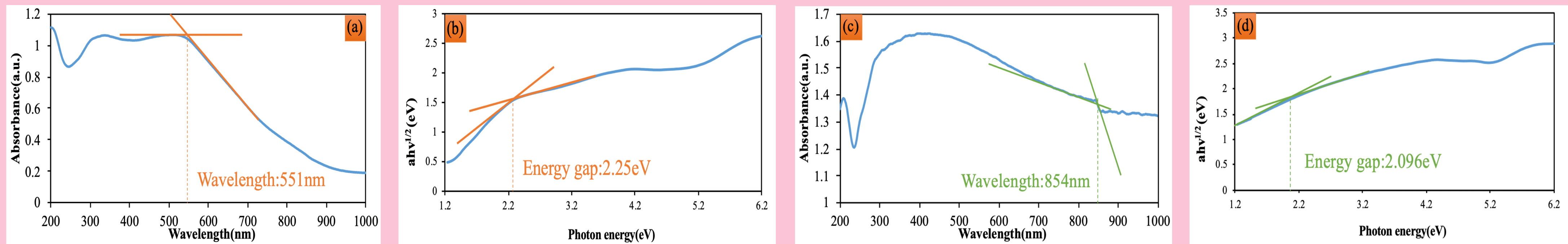


Fig.5 NIR pattern of $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ (a)wavelength (b)energy gap and GO (c)wavelength (d)energy gap.

PL

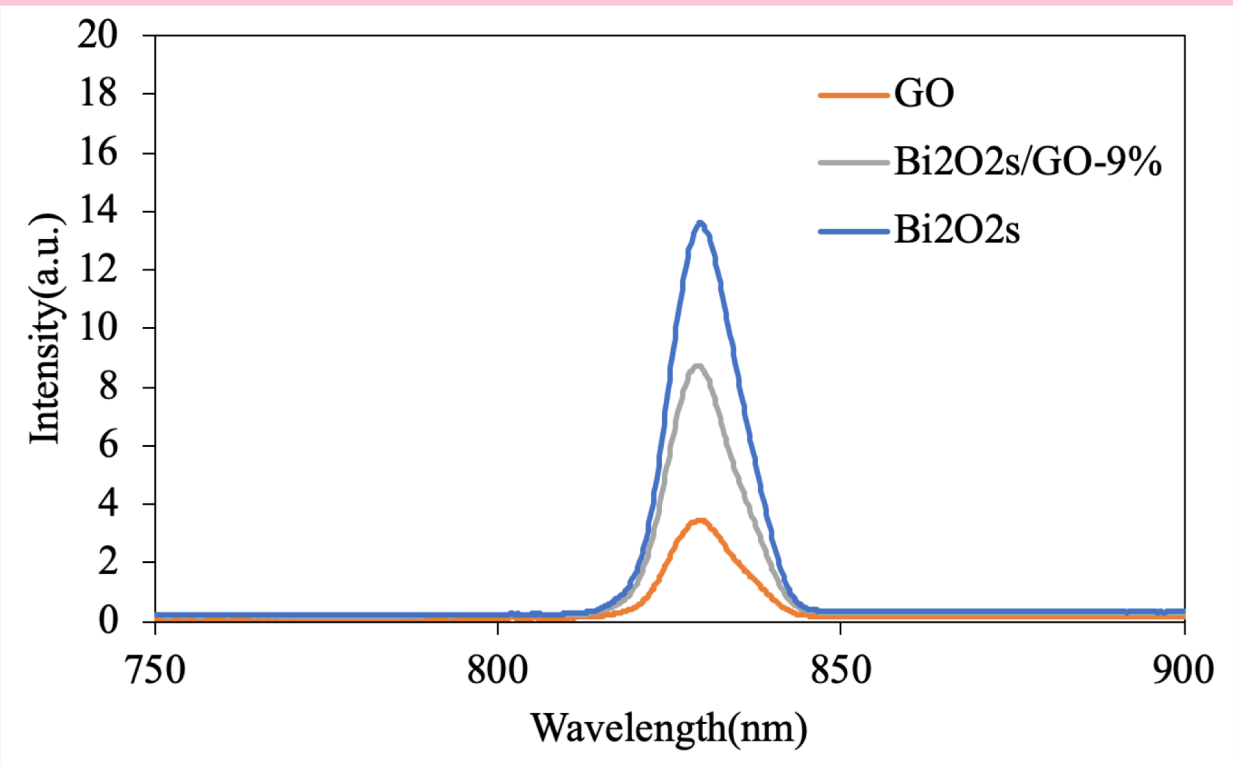


Fig.6 PL pattern of $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$, $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{GO}$ and GO.

EPR

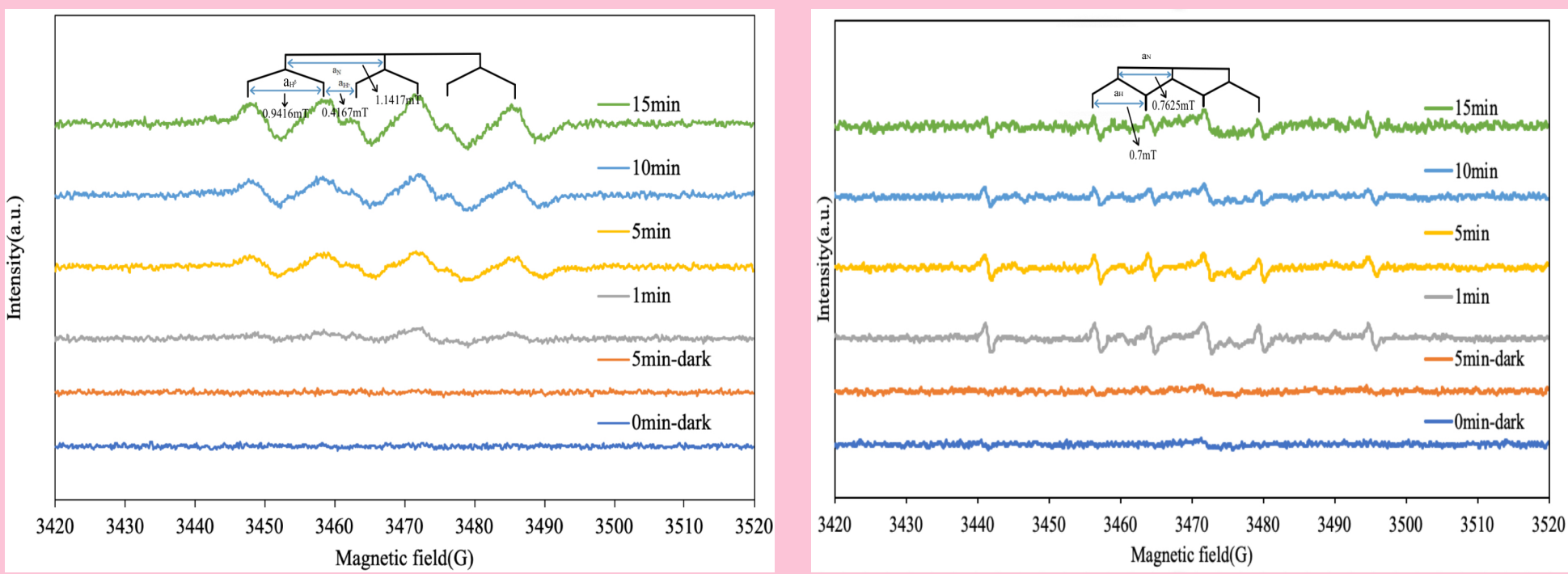


Fig.7 EPR pattern of $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{GO}$ -9%.

Mechanism

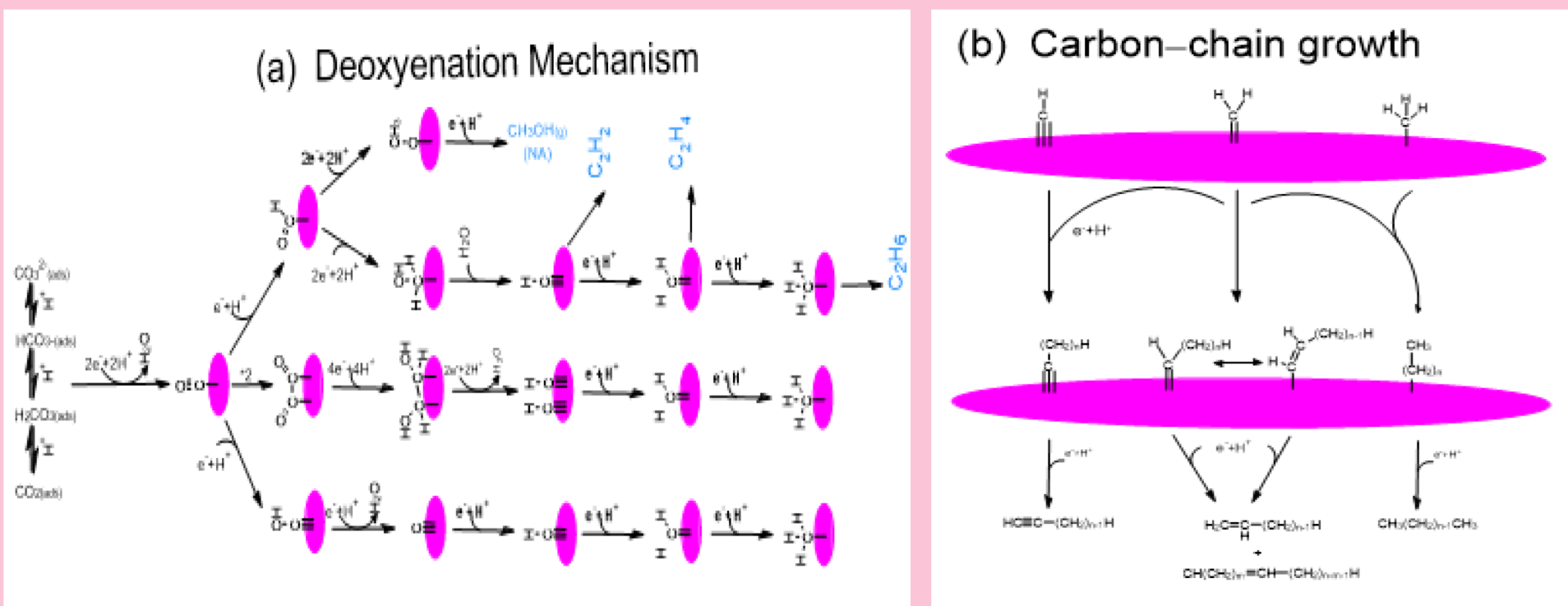


Figure.8 Proposed mechanisms of (a) deoxygenation and (b) C-C coupling on photoreduction CO_2 with $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}/\text{GO}$ photocatalysts.

Summary

This study successfully synthesized $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ and its composites, finding that $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ -9wt% GO exhibits the highest photocatalytic activity, with degradation efficiency three times that of pure $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$. This result demonstrates its potential applications in green energy and environmental protection.